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EGYPT.

Prevalence of cholera.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE,
Washington, D. C., September 3, 1902.

SIR: I have the honor to inform you that a telegram in regard to cholera in Egypt has been received from the vice and deputy consul-general at Cairo in the following words:

Three thousand and eighty-six cases of cholera in all Egypt; since August 24, 2,294 deaths. Garbieh Province the worst affected. Yesterday's new cases, 20; deaths, 2. Bulletin shows Cairo, 5; Alexandria, 2 cases, 4 deaths; 3 cases plague.

Respectfully,

ALVEY A. ADEE,
Acting Secretary of State.

The SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.

ENGLAND.

Report from Liverpool.

LIVERPOOL, ENGLAND, *August 26, 1902.*

SIR: I have the honor to state that for the week ended August 23, 1902, there were reported to the local health authorities the following cases: Smallpox, 14; typhus fever, 1; enteric fever, 21; scarlet fever, 86; diphtheria, 19; measles, 35; whooping cough, 25. This is quite an increase in the number of smallpox cases, but nearly all of them can be traced to a case imported from Spain that had been wandering around with the condition unrecognized. All of the cases are in hospital and I think as the source of the infection has been determined, there will be no more trouble. For the same period in Birkenhead there were reported the following cases: Scarlet fever, 8; enteric fever, 10; measles, 17.

Respectfully,

CARROLL FOX,
Assistant Surgeon.

The SURGEON-GENERAL.

Report from London.

LONDON, ENGLAND, *August 21, 1902.*

SIR: I have the honor to submit the following report for the week ended August 16, 1902: Eight vessels were inspected and given bills of health at this port, and 80 members of the crews and cattlemen were vaccinated. One Atlantic transport steamer for New York had the vaccination performed by the ship surgeon. There were 9 deaths from smallpox in England, of which 5 belonged to London, and 1 each to West Ham, Leyton, Walthamstow, and Liverpool. The number of cases of smallpox has continued to decrease, and at the close of the week there were only 170 cases under treatment, against 239, 305, 369, and 459 for the four preceding weeks. According to the returns from the hospitals for infectious diseases, there were 2,595 cases of scarlet fever, 1,069 of diphtheria, and 271 of enteric fever under treatment at the close of the week. The admissions during the week were as follows: Smallpox, 24; scarlet fever, 303; diphtheria, 144, and enteric fever, 18 cases.

Respectfully,

JOHN MCMULLEN,
Passed Assistant Surgeon.

The SURGEON-GENERAL.